



Position Paper Format

PURPOSE AND GENERAL GUIDELINES

The Position Paper is a **mandatory requirement for all delegates** participating in MUNARJÍ XIX. It serves as the foundation for your performance during the conference, reflecting your country's official stance, proposed actions, and understanding of the topic under discussion.

The Position Paper demonstrates a delegate's ability to research, analyze, and apply global policies through a diplomatic lens. It is also used by the Committee Chairs to evaluate each participant's preparation and consistency during debate.

Failure to submit the Position Paper by the established deadline will result in **sanctions** and may **affect eligibility for awards**.

FORMAT REQUIREMENTS

Requirement	Specification
Font	Calibri, 12 pt
Line Spacing	1.5
Margins	2.5 cm on all sides
Alignment	Fully justified
Citations and References	APA 7 th edition
Maximum Length	2 pages total, including references
File Format	PDF



SUBMISSION PROCEDURE

All Position Papers must be submitted **no later than October 22nd, 2026**, following the guidelines below:

- Position Papers must be submitted by email to the corresponding Committee Coordinator listed in the following table. **Delegates must include in the email subject line:** "Position Paper - [Committee Name] - [Country Name]".

Example: Position Paper - SC - Japan

- The Position Paper must be attached as a **PDF file** named in the same format: Committee_Country_DelegateName.pdf

Example: SC_Japan_JuanArceo.pdf

- Only submissions sent to the correct committee address by the deadline will be accepted.



COMMITTEE CONTACT DIRECTORY

Committee	Committee Coordinator	Email
UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization	Isabella Madrigal Sánchez	unescomunarji@arji.edu.mx
UN-HABITAT United Nations Human Settlements Programme	Ximena Giselle Vidal Cervantes	unhabitatmunarji@arji.edu.mx
CDH Consejo de Derechos Humanos	Silvia María Macías Santandreu	cdhmunarji@arji.edu.mx
UN WOMEN United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women	Luciana Aguilera Gutiérrez Zamora	unwomenmunarji@arji.edu.mx
ILO International Labour Organization	Sofía Romero Merino	ilomunarji@arji.edu.mx
OMC Organización Mundial del Comercio	María Fernanda León Baeza	omcmunarji@arji.edu.mx
COPUOS Committee on the Peaceful Uses of the Outer Space	Montserrat Díaz Mora	copuosmunarji@arji.edu.mx
GA General Assembly	Jesús Neme Maldonado	gamunarji@arji.edu.mx
SC Security Council	Félix Jorge David Argai	scmunarji@arji.edu.mx
CC Crisis Committee	Luis Eduardo Rives Lozoya	ccmunarji@arji.edu.mx
SRM Senado de la República Mexicana	Luciana Suárez Gurría	senadomunarji@arji.edu.mx



POSITION PAPER STRUCTURE AND CONTENT

Each Position Paper must include the following information at the top of the document:

Committee:

Country:

Topic:

Delegate:

School:

FLAG

Paragraph 1 - Greeting

- Begin with a formal salutation from your delegation, setting a diplomatic tone consistent with United Nations conventions.

Paragraph 2 - Background of the Topic

- Provide a concise overview of the issue.
- Explain its origin, global importance, and your country's general opinion on the matter.

Paragraph 3 - Country's Position

- Describe your country's perspective on the issue and current involvement.
- Explain what actions your country has taken, is taking, or plans to take.
- Support your statements with reliable data, treaties, or policy references.

Paragraph 4 - Possible Solutions

- Present concrete and realistic proposals organized as:
 - Short-term actions (immediate or ongoing measures)
 - Mid-term actions (initiatives achievable within one to three years)
 - Long-term actions (sustainable strategies or reforms)

Each proposal should align with your country's policy and international commitments.



Paragraph 5 – Relevant Blocs and Additional Comments

- Identify your country's key alliances or regional blocs (e.g., G7, G77, OAS, AU, EU, ASEAN) and how they relate to the topic.
- You may also include additional comments, recent developments, or other relevant perspectives.

Paragraph 6 – References

- List at least five (5) sources in APA 7th edition format.
- Sources should include official documents, academic research, credible international organizations, and reputable media outlets.
- Any work that exceeds 20% AI-generated content or shows signs of plagiarism will be automatically disqualified.



SAMPLE POSITION PAPER

Committee: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)

Country: Kingdom of Norway

Topic: Combating Plastic Pollution in Oceans

Delegate: Manuel Torres Pérez

School: Colegio Arjí



Paragraph 1 - Greeting

Honorable Chair, distinguished delegates, and members of the committee, the delegation of the Kingdom of Norway is honored to participate in this session of the United Nations Environment Programme. Norway recognizes marine plastic pollution as a transboundary environmental challenge that threatens biodiversity, coastal communities, fisheries, human well-being, and the sustainable use of ocean resources. The delegation therefore calls for coordinated international action based on prevention, responsible production and consumption, effective waste management, and international cooperation.

Paragraph 2 - Background of the Topic

Plastic pollution is a major threat to the world's oceans, with plastics accounting for about 80% of marine litter (United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], 2020). It harms marine ecosystems, coastal communities, and economic activities, while also breaking down into microplastics (Government of Norway, 2017). In response, UNEA Resolution 5/14 launched negotiations for a legally binding global agreement on plastic pollution (UNEP, 2022). Norway supports addressing the problem across the entire plastic life cycle, not only through clean-up efforts.

Paragraph 3 - Country's Position

Norway supports action across the entire plastic life cycle, from production and design to reuse, recycling, and disposal. Its Norwegian Plastics Strategy promotes national measures to reduce plastic pollution and supports a legally binding global agreement (Government of Norway, 2022). Norway also addresses marine litter and microplastics through broader ocean-management policies, emphasizing prevention, circular-economy practices, improved waste management, and international cooperation (Government of Norway, 2024, 2026).

Paragraph 4 - Possible Solutions

The delegation of Norway proposes a phased strategy. In the short term, Member States should improve waste collection, reduce unnecessary single-use plastics, and prevent marine litter. In the mid-term, governments should strengthen producer responsibility, promote reusable and recyclable



products, invest in waste-management infrastructure, and support countries with limited capacity. In the long term, Norway supports a legally binding global agreement on plastic pollution and a transition toward a circular economy (Government of Norway, 2022), contributing to SDG 14.1 on reducing marine pollution (United Nations, n.d.).

Paragraph 5 - Relevant Blocs and Additional Comments

Norway works closely with European and Nordic partners and participates in international and regional cooperation concerning ocean governance and marine pollution. As an European Economic Area (EEA) country and participant in the European Single Market, Norway develops significant elements of its plastics policy in cooperation with the European Union while also participating in regional seas conventions and other international forums (Government of Norway, 2022). Norway therefore encourages cooperation among developed and developing countries and supports combining ambitious international standards with financial assistance, technological cooperation, capacity-building, and recognition of different national circumstances. The delegation remains committed to working with states that support practical, science-based, and internationally coordinated measures to prevent plastic pollution before it reaches the world's oceans.

Paragraph 6 - References

- Government of Norway. (2017). Update of the integrated management plan for the Norwegian Sea (Meld. St. 35 [2016-2017]). Ministry of Climate and Environment.
<https://www.regjeringen.no/en/documents/meld.-st.-35-20162017/id2547988/>
- Government of Norway. (2022). Norwegian plastics strategy. Ministry of Climate and Environment.
<https://www.regjeringen.no/en/documents/norwegian-plastics-strategy/id2867004/>
- Government of Norway. (2024). Norway's integrated ocean management plans: Barents Sea-Lofoten area, the Norwegian Sea, and the North Sea and Skagerrak (Meld. St. 21 [2023-2024]). Ministry of Climate and Environment.
<https://www.regjeringen.no/en/documents/meld.-st.-21-20232024/id3032474/>
- Government of Norway. (2026). Voluntary national review 2026 Norway.
<https://www.regjeringen.no/en/documents/voluntary-national-review-2026-norway/id3170662/>
- United Nations. (n.d.). Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development. <https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal14>
- United Nations Environment Programme. (2020). Unveiling plastic pollution in oceans.
<https://www.unep.org/resources/emerging-issues/unveiling-plastic-pollution-oceans>
- United Nations Environment Programme. (2022). End plastic pollution: Towards an international legally binding instrument (UNEP/EA.5/Res.14).